

TENTH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON ENTERPRISE INFORMATION SYSTEMS

Proceedings

Artificial Intelligence and Decision Support Systems

BARCELONA, SPAIN - June 12-16, 2008

ORGANIZED BY



CO-SPONSORED BY



IN COOPERATION WITH



ICEIS 2008

Proceedings of the
Tenth International Conference on
Enterprise Information Systems

Volume AIDSS

Barcelona, Spain

June 12 - 16, 2008

Organized by

INSTICC – Institute for Systems and Technologies of Information, Control and Communication

Co-sponsored by **WfMC – Workflow Management Coalition**

In Cooperation with **AAAI – Association for the Advancement of Artificial Intelligence**

Copyright © 2008 INSTICC – Institute for Systems and Technologies of Information, Control and Communication All rights reserved

Edited by José Cordeiro and Joaquim Filipe

Printed in Portugal

ISBN: 978-989-8111-37-1

Depósito Legal: 275673/08

http://www.iceis.org

secretariat@iceis.org

BRIEF CONTENTS

Invited Speakers	IV
SPECIAL SESSION CHAIRS	V
ORGANIZING AND STEERING COMMITTEES	VI
SENIOR PROGRAM COMMITTEE	VII
PROGRAM COMMITTEE	VIII
Auxiliary Reviewers	XIII
SELECTED PAPERS BOOK	XV
Foreword	XVII
Contents	XIX

INVITED SPEAKERS

Moira C. Norrie

ETH Zurich

Switzerland

Ricardo Baeza-Yates

VP of Yahoo! Research for Europe and LatAm

Spain and Chile

Jorge Cardoso

SAP AG

Germany

Jean-Marie Favre

University of Grenoble, LIG

France

SPECIAL SESSION CHAIRS

SPECIAL SESSION ON COMPUTATIONAL INTELLIGENCE USING AFFINITY SET

Yuh-Wen Chen, Dept. of Industrial Engineering and Management of Technology, Da-Yeh University, Taiwan

SPECIAL SESSION ON COMPUTER SUPPORTED ACTIVITY COORDINATION

José Cordeiro, Polytechnic Institute of Setúbal / INSTICC, Portugal Joaquim Filipe, Polytechnic Institute of Setúbal / INSTICC, Portugal

ORGANIZING AND STEERING COMMITTEES

CONFERENCE CHAIR

Joaquim Filipe, Polytechnic Institute of Setúbal / INSTICC, Portugal

PROGRAM CHAIR

José Cordeiro, Polytechnic Institute of Setúbal / INSTICC, Portugal

PROCEEDINGS PRODUCTION

Paulo Brito, INSTICC, Portugal

Marina Carvalho, INSTICC, Portugal

Helder Coelhas, INSTICC, Portugal

Vera Coelho, INSTICC, Portugal

Andreia Costa, INSTICC, Portugal

Bruno Encarnação, INSTICC, Portugal

Bárbara Lima, INSTICC, Portugal

Vitor Pedrosa, INSTICC, Portugal

Vera Rosário, INSTICC, Portugal

Mónica Saramago, INSTICC, Portugal

CD-ROM PRODUCTION

Paulo Brito, INSTICC, Portugal

WEBDESIGNER

Marina Carvalho, INSTICC, Portugal

GRAPHICS PRODUCTION

Helder Coelhas, INSTICC, Portugal

SECRETARIAT AND WEBMASTER

Vitor Pedrosa, INSTICC, Portugal

SENIOR PROGRAM COMMITTEE

Luís Amaral, University of Minho, Portugal

Senén Barro, University of Santiago de Compostela, Spain

Jean Bézivin, ATLAS Group (INRIA & IRIN), University of Nantes, France

Enrique Bonsón, University of Huelva, Spain

João Alvaro Carvalho, University of Minho, Portugal

Albert Cheng, University of Houston, U.S.A.

Bernard Coulette, University of Toulouse 2, France

Jan Dietz, Delft University of Technology, The Netherlands

Virginia Dignum, Utrecht University, The Netherlands

Schahram Dustdar, Technical University of Vienna, Austria

António Figueiredo, University of Coimbra, Portugal

Ulrich Frank, ICB - University of Essen, Germany

Nuno Guimarães, University of Lisbon, Portugal

Jatinder Gupta, University of Alabama in Huntsville, U.S.A.

Dimitris Karagiannis, University of Vienna, Austria

Michel Leonard, University of Geneva, Switzerland

Kecheng Liu, University of Reading, U.K.

Pericles Loucopoulos, University of Manchester, U.K.

Andrea De Lucia, Università di Salerno, Italy

Kalle Lyytinen, Case Western Reserve University, U.S.A.

Yannis Manolopoulos, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Greece

José Legatheaux Martins, Faculty of Sciences and Technology, New University of Lisbon, Portugal

Masao Johannes Matsumoto, Kyushu Sangyo University, Japan

Luís Moniz Pereira, Universidade Nova de Lisboa, Portugal

Marcin Paprzycki, Systems Research Institute Polish Academy of Science, Poland

Alain Pirotte, University of Louvain, Belgium

Klaus Pohl, University of Duisburg-Essen, Germany

Matthias Rauterberg, Technical University Eindhoven, The Netherlands

Colette Rolland, University of PARIS-1, France

Narcyz Roztocki, State University of New York (SUNY) at New Paltz, U.S.A.

Abdel-Badeeh Salem, Ain Shams University, Faculty of Computer & Information Sciences, Egypt

Bernardette Sharp, Staffordshire University, U.K.

Timothy K. Shih, Tamkang University, Taiwan

Alexander Smirnov, St. Petersburg Institute for Informatics and Automation of Russian Academy of Sciences - SPIIRAS, Russian Federation

Ronald Stamper, Measur Ltd, U.K.

David Taniar, Monash University, Australia

Miguel Toro, University of Seville, Spain

Antonio Vallecillo, Universidad de Málaga, Spain

Michalis Vazirgiannis, Athens University of Economics & Business, Greece

François Vernadat, European Commission, Luxembourg

Ioannis Vlahavas, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Greece

Frank Wang, Cambridge-Cranfield High Performance Computing Facilities, U.K.

Merrill Warkentin, Mississippi State University, U.S.A.

Hans Weigand, Tilburg University, The Netherlands

PROGRAM COMMITTEE

Mohd Syazwan Abdullah, Universiti Utara Malaysia, Malaysia

Rama Akkiraju, IBM Research, U.S.A.

Patrick Albers, ESEO, France

Vasco Amaral, Universidade Nova de Lisboa, Portugal

Yacine Amirat, University of Paris 12, France

Andreas Andreou, University of Cyprus, Cyprus

Plamen Angelov, Lancaster University, U.K.

Pedro Antunes, DI/FCUL, Portugal

Nasreddine Aoumeur, University of Magdeburg, Germany

Gustavo Arroyo-Figueroa, Electrical Research Institute, Mexico

Wudhichai Assawinchaichote, King Mongkut's University of Technology Thonburi, Thailand

Juan Carlos Augusto, University of Ulster at Jordanstown, U.K.

Ramazan Aygun, University of Alabama in Huntsville, U.S.A.

Bart Baesens, University of Southampton, U.K.

Cecilia Baranauskas, UNICAMP - Universidade Estadual de Campinas, Brazil

Steve Barker, King's College London University, U.K.

Balbir Barn, Thames Valley University, U.K.

Daniela Barreiro Claro, UFBA-LASID-DCC, Brazil

Nick Bassiliades, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Greece

Remi Bastide, LIIHS-IRIT, France

Nadia Bellalem, University NANCY 2, France

Orlando Belo, University of Minho, Portugal

Hatem Ben Sta, Tunisia University, Tunisia

Sadok Ben Yahia, Faculty of Sciences of Tunis, Tunisia

Manuel F. Bertoa, University of Malaga, Spain

Peter Bertok, RMIT University, Australia

Robert Biddle, Carleton University, Canada

Oliver Bittel, HTWG Konstanz - University of Applied Sciences, Germany

Luis Borges Gouveia, University Fernando Pessoa, Portugal

Djamel Bouchaffra, Oakland University, Michigan, U.S.A.

Danielle Boulanger, University of Lyon, France

Jean-louis Boulanger, University of Technologie of Compiegne, labo HEUDIASYC UMR 6599, France

José Ângelo Braga de Vasconcelos, Universidade Fernando Pessoa, Portugal

Sjaak Brinkkemper, Utrecht University, The Netherlands

Miguel Calejo, Declarativa, Portugal

Coral Calero, University of Castilla-La Mancha, Spain

Luis M. Camarinha-Matos, New University of Lisbon / Uninova, Portugal

Olivier Camp, Ecole Supérieure d'Electronique de l'Ouest, France

Roy Campbell, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, U.S.A.

Gerardo Canfora, University of Sannio, Italy

Fernando Carvalho, Universidade Federal do Ceará, Brazil

Nunzio Casalino, LUISS Guido Carli University, Italy

Jose Jesus Castro-Schez, Universidad de Castilla-La Mancha, Spain

Luca Cernuzzi, Universidad Católica, Paraguay

Maria Filomena Cerqueira de Castro Lopes, Universidade Portucalense Infante D. Henrique, Portugal

Laurent Chapelier, Fortis Banque Luxembourg, France

Cindy Chen, University of Massachusetts Lowell, U.S.A.

Jinjun Chen, Swinburne University of Technology, Australia

Abdelghani Chibani, CityPassenger, France

Henning Christiansen, Roskilde University, Denmark

Chrisment Claude, IRIT/SIG, France

Francesco Colace, Università degli Studi di Salerno, Italy

Cesar Collazos, Universidad del Cauca - FIET - Depto Sistemas, Colombia

Jose Eduardo Corcoles, LoUISE Research Group Castilla-La Mancha University, Spain

Antonio Corral, University of Almeria, Spain

Ulises Cortes, Technical University of Catalonia, Spain

Sharon Cox, University of Central England, U.K.

Alfredo Cuzzocrea, University of Calabria, Italy

Mohamed Dahchour, National Institute of Posts and Telecommunications, Morocco

Sergio de Cesare, Brunel University, U.K.

Nuno de Magalhães Ribeiro, Centro de Estudos e Recursos Multimediáticos (CEREM), UFP, Portugal

José-Neuman de Souza, Federal University of Ceará, Brazil

Suash Deb, National Institute of Science & Technology, India

Vincenzo Deufemia, Università di Salermo, Italy

Rajiv Dharaskar, Nagpur University, MIET, CSI, India

Kamil Dimililer, Near East University, Cyprus

Gillian Dobbie, University of Auckland, New Zealand

José Javier Dolado, University of the Basque Country, Spain

Anonio Dourado, University of Coimbra, Portugal

Juan C. Dueñas, Universidad Politécnica de Madrid, Spain

Alan Eardley, Staffordshire University, U.K.

Hans-Dieter Ehrich, TU Braunschweig, Germany

Jean-Max Estay, Université Catholique de l'Ouest, France

Yaniv Eytani, University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, U.S.A.

Antonio Fariña, University of A Coruña, Spain

Antonio Fernández-Caballero, Universidad de Castilla-La Mancha, Spain

Edilson Ferneda, Universidade Católica de Brasília, Brazil

Paulo Ferreira, INESC-ID/IST - Tecnhical University of Lisbon, Portugal

Filomena Ferrucci, Dipartimento di Matematica e Informatica, University of Salerno, Italy

Juan J. Flores, Universidad Michoacana, Mexico

Donal Flynn, University of Manchester, U.K.

Ana Fred, IT- IST - Technical University of Lisbon, Portugal

Lixin Fu, University of Carolina, Greensboro, U.S.A.

Mariagrazia Fugini, Politecnico di Milano, Italy

Jose A. Gallud, University of Castilla-La Mancha, Spain

Juan Garbajosa, Universidad Politécnica de Madrid - Technical University of Madrid, Spain

Leonardo Garrido, Monterrey Institute of Technology, Mexico

Peter Geczy, AIST, Japan

Marcela Genero, University of Castilla-La Mancha, Spain

Joseph Giampapa, Carnegie Mellon University, U.S.A.

Paolo Giorgini, University of Trento, Italy

Raúl Giráldez, School of Engineering, Pablo de Olavide University of Seville, Spain

Pascual González, Universidad de Castilla-La Mancha, Spain

Gustavo Gonzalez-Sanchez, University of Girona, Spain

Robert Goodwin, Flinders University of South Australia, Australia

Jaap Gordijn, Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam, The Netherlands

Silvia Gordillo, LIFIA-UNLP, Argentina

Feliz Gouveia, University Fernando Pessoa / CEREM, Portugal

Virginie Govaere, INRS, France

Maki Habib, Saga University, Japan

Sven Groppe, University of Lübeck, Institute of Information Systems, Germany

Sissel Guttormsen Schär, University of Bern, Switzerland

Sung Ho Ha, Kyungpook National University, Korea

Lamia Hadrich Belguith, MIRACL Laboratory, FSEGS, University of Sfax, Tunisia

Beda Christoph Hammerschmidt, Oracle USA Corporation, U.S.A.

Abdelwahab Hamou-Lhadj, Concordia University, Canada

Thorsten Hampel, University of Padeborn, Germany

Sven Hartmann, Massey University, New Zealand

Christian Heinlein, University of Ulm, Germany

Ajantha Herath, Richard Stockton College of New Jersey, U.S.A.

Suvineetha Herath, Richard Stockton College of New Jersey, U.S.A.

Francisco Herrera, University of Granada, Spain

Colin Higgins, University of Nottingham, U.K.

Peter Higgins, Swinburne University of Technology, Australia

Wladyslaw Homenda, Warsaw University of Technology, Poland

Jun Hong, Queen's University Belfast, U.K.

Wei-Chiang Hong, Oriental Institute of Technology, Taiwan

Nguyen Hong Quang, IFI, Viet Nam

Jiankun Hu, RMIT University, Australia

Kaiyin Huang, South China Normal University, China

Joshua Ignatius, Intelligent Insights International, Malaysia

François Jacquenet, University of Saint-Etienne, France

Hamid Jahankhani, University of East London, U.K.

Arturo Jaime, Universidad del Pais Vasco, Spain

Ivan Jelinek, Czech Technical University in Prague, Czech Republic

Luis Jiménez Linares, UCLM, Spain

Paul Johannesson, Royal Institute of Technology, Sweden

Shuigeng Zhou, Fudan University, China

Michail Kalogiannakis, University Paris 5 - René Descartes, France

Nikos Karacapilidis, University of Patras, Greece

Nikitas Karanikolas, Technological Educational Institute of Athens (TEI-A), Greece

Stamatis Karnouskos, SAP Research, Germany

Hiroyuki Kawano, Nanzan University, Japan

Nicolas Kemper Valverde, Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, Mexico

Seungjoo Kim, Sungkyunkwan University, Korea

Alexander Knapp, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, Germany

John Krogstie, IDI, NTNU and SINTEF, Norway

Stan Kurkovsky, Central Connecticut State University, U.S.A.

Rob Kusters, Eindhoven University of Technology / Open University, The Netherlands

Joaquín Lasheras, University of Murcia, Spain

James P. Lawler, Pace University, U.S.A.

Chul-Hwan Lee, University of Pittsburgh, U.S.A.

Jintae Lee, Leeds School of Business at University of Colorado, Boulder, U.S.A.

Alain Leger, France Telecom R&D - Orange Labs, France

Kauko Leiviskä, University of Oulu, Finland

Carlos León de Mora, University of Sevilla, Spain

Joerg Leukel, University of Hohenheim, Germany

Hareton Leung, Hong Kong Polytechnic University, China

Xue Li, The University of Queensland, Australia

Therese Libourel, LIRMM, France

John Lim, National University of Singapore, Singapore

ZongKai Lin, Chinese Academy of Sciences, China

Matti Linna, University of Vaasa, Finland

Rune Gustavsson, Blekinge Institute of Technology, Sweden

Panos linos, Butler University, U.S.A.

Honghai Liu, University of Portsmouth, U.K.

Jan Ljungberg, Gothenburg University, Sweden Stephane Loiseau, LERIA, France

João Correia Lopes, University of Porto, Portugal

Víctor López-Jaquero, LoUISE Group, University of Castilla-La Mancha, Spain

María Dolores Lozano, University of Castilla-La Mancha, Spain

Miguel R. Luaces, Universidade da Coruña, Spain

Christopher Lueg, University of Tasmania, Australia

Mark Lycett, Brunel University, U.K.

Edmundo Madeira, UNICAMP - University of Campinas, Brazil

Laurent Magnin, University of Montreal, Canada

S. Kami Makki, University of Toledo, U.S.A.

Mirko Malekovic, FOI - Zagreb University, Croatia

Nuno Mamede, IST / L2F of INESC-ID Lisboa, Portugal

João Bosco Mangueira Sobral, Universidade Federal de Santa Catarina - UFSC, Brazil

Pierre Maret, LIRIS INSA-LYON, France

Farhi Marir, London Metropolitan University, U.K.

Maria João Marques Martins, IST - Technical University of Lisbon, Portugal

Herve Martin, Grenoble University - LIG, France

Miguel Angel Martinez, Univerdad de Murcia, Spain

David Martins de Matos, L2F / INESC ID Lisboa / Instituto Superior Técnico / Tech. University of Lisbon, Portugal

Katsuhisa Maruyama, Ritsumeikan University, Japan

Hamid Mcheick, University of Quebec at Chicoutimi, Canada

Andreas Meier, University of Fribourg, Switzerland

Engelbert Mephu Nguifo, Université d'Artois - IUT de Lens, CRIL-CNRS, France

John Miller, University of Georgia, U.S.A.

Subhas Misra, State University of New York, Buffalo, U.S.A.

Sudip Misra, Yale University, U.S.A.

Michele Missikoff, IASI-CNR, Italy

Ghodrat Moghadampour, Vaasa Polytechnic, Finland

Pascal Molli, Nancy-Université, France

Francisco Montero, LoUISE Research Group, University of Castilla-La Mancha, Spain

Paula Morais, Universidade Portucalense, Portugal

Fernando Moreira, Universidade Portucalense, Portugal

Nathalie Moreno Vergara, Universidad de Málaga, Spain

Gianluca Moro, DEIS, University of Bologna, Italy

Haralambos Mouratidis, University of East London, U.K.

Pietro Murano, University of Salford, U.K.

Tomoharu Nakashima, Osaka Prefecture University, Japan

Paolo Napoletano, University of Salerno, DIIIE, Italy

Ana Neves, knowman - Consultadoria em Gestão, Lda, Portugal

Jose Angel Olivas, Universidad de Castilla-La Mancha, Spain

Luis Olsina Santos, Universidad Nacional de La Pampa, Argentina

Peter Oriogun, London Metropolitan University, U.K.

Tansel Ozyer, TOBB ETU, Turkey

Claus Pahl, Dublin City University, Ireland

José R. Paramá, University of A Coruña, Spain

João Pascoal Faria, FEUP - Faculty of Engineering of University of Porto, Portugal

Vicente Pelechano, Universidad Politécnica de Valencia, Spain

Maria Carmen Penadés Gramaje, Technical University of Valencia, Spain

Gabriel Pereira Lopes, Universidade Nova de Lisboa, Portugal

Laurent Péridy, IMA-UCO, France

Dana Petcu, Western University of Timisoara, Romania

Robert Tolksdorf, Freie Universität Berlin, Germany

Paolo Petta, Austrian Research Institute for Artificial Intelligence, Austria

José Pires, Escola Superior de Tecnologia e Gestão / IPB, Portugal

Geert Poels, Faculty of Economics and Business Economics, Ghent University, Belgium

José Ragot, INPL/CNRS, France

Abdul Razak Rahmat, University Utara Malaysia, Malaysia

Jolita Ralyte, University of Geneva, Switzerland

Srini Ramaswamy, University of Arkansas at Little Rock, U.S.A.

Pedro Ramos, ISCTE, Portugal

Marek Reformat, University of Alberta, Canada

Hajo A. Reijers, Technische Universiteit Eindhoven, The Netherlands

Ulrich Reimer, University of Applied Sciences St. Gallen, Switzerland

Marinette Revenu, ENSICAEN, France

Yacine Rezgui, University of Salford, U.K.

Simon Richir, Presence & Innovation Lab. ENSAM Laval, France

Roland Ritsch, University of Applied Sciences St. Gallen, Switzerland

David Rivreau, Université Catholique de l'Ouest, France

Daniel Rodriguez, University of Alcalá, Spain

Pilar Rodriguez, Universidad Autónoma de Madrid, Spain

Jimena Rodriguez Arrieta, University of the Basque Country, Spain

Oscar M. Rodriguez-Elias, Universidad Autónoma de Baja California (UABC), Mexico

Jose Raul Romero, University of Cordoba, Spain

Agostinho Rosa, IST - Technical University of Lisbon, Portugal

Gustavo Rossi, LIFIA-UNLP, Argentina

Angel L. Rubio, Universidad de La Rioja, Spain

Francisco Ruiz, University of Castilla-La Mancha, Spain

Sotirios Terzis, University of Strathclyde, U.K.

Claudine Toffolon, Université du Maine - LIUM, France

Leif Peterson, The Methodist Hospital Research Institute (Houston), U.S.A.

Steef Peters, Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam, The Netherlands

Roberto Ruiz, Pablo de Olavide University, Spain

Ángeles S. Places, University of A Coruña, Spain

Manuel Santos, Universidade do Minho, Portugal

Jurek Sasiadek, Carleton University, Canada

Daniel Schang, ESEO, France

Mareike Schoop, University of Hohenheim, Germany

Remzi Seker, UALR, U.S.A.

Isabel Seruca, Universidade Portucalense, Portugal

Jianhua Shao, Cardiff University, U.K.

Alberto Silva, INESC/IST - Technical University of Lisbon, Portugal

Maria João Silva Costa Ferreira, Universidade Portucalense - Departamento de Inovação Ciência e Tecnologia, Portugal

Spiros Sirmakessis, Technological Educational Institution of Messolongi, Greece

Hala Skaf-Molli, ECOO Team, France

Pedro Soto-Acosta, University of Murcia, Spain

Chantal Soule-Dupuy, University of Toulouse 1 - IRIT, France

Priti Srinivas Sajja, Sardar Patel University, India

Chris Stary, University of Linz, Austria

Janis Stirna, Jönköping University, Sweden

Markus Stumptner, University of South Australia, Australia

Chun-Yi Su, Concordia University, Canada

Vijayan Sugumaran, Oakland University, U.S.A.

Lily Sun, The University of Reading, U.K.

Gion K. Svedberg, Örebro University, AASS, Sweden

Ramayah T., Universiti Sains Malaysia, Malaysia

Grigorios Tsoumakas, Department of Informatics, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Greece

Ryszard Tadeusiewicz, AGH University of Science and Technology, Poland

Theodoros Tzouramanis, University of the Aegean, Greece

Gulden Uchyigit, Imperial College, U.K.

Athina Vakali, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Greece

Michael Vassilakopoulos, Alexander Technological Educational Institute of Thessaloniki, Greece

Belén Vela Sánchez, Rey Juan Carlos University, Spain

Christine Verdier, LIG - University Joseph Fourier Grenoble, France

Maria-Amparo Vila, University of Granada, Spain

HO Tuong Vinh, Institut de la Francophonie pour l'Informatique (IFI), Viet Nam

Aurora Vizcaino, Escuela Superior de Informática, Spain

Bing Wang, University of Hull, U.K.

Gerhard Weiss, SCCH, Austria

Graham Winstanley, University of Brighton, U.K.

Claus Witfelt, ITU, Denmark

Wita Wojtkowski, Boise State University, U.S.A.

Robert Wrembel, Poznan University of Technology, Poland

Baowen Xu, Southeast University, China

Haiping Xu, University of Massachusetts Dartmouth, U.S.A.

Hongji Yang, De Montfort University, U.K.

Lili Yang, Loughborough University, U.K.

Jasmine Yeap, Intelligent Insights International, Malaysia

Kokou Yetongnon, University of Bourgogne, France

Jun Zhang, SUN Yat-sen University, China

Liping Zhao, The University of Manchester, U.K.

Hans Weghorn, University of Cooperative Education, Stuttgart, Germany

AUXILIARY REVIEWERS

Antonia Albani, Delft University of Technology, The Netherlands

Francisco Martinez Alvarez, Pablo de Olavide University, Seville, Spain

Simona Barresi, Salford University, U.K.

Bruno Barroca, UNL, Portugal

Christos Berberidis, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, Greece

Beatriz Pontes Balanza, University of Seville, Spain

Félix Biscarri, University of Seville, Spain

Valeria de Castro, Rey Juan Carlos University, Spain

José María Cavero, Rey Juan Carlos University, Spain

Max Chevalier, University of Toulouse 3, IRIT, France

Evandro de Barros Costa, Universidade Federal de Alagoas, Brazil

Stergiou Costas, University of the Aegean, Greece

Guillermo Covella, UNLPam, Argentina

Andrea Delgado, Universidad de la República, Uruguay

Manuel Fernández Delgado, Universidade de Santiago de Compostela, Spain

Yuhui Deng, EMC Research, China

Remco Dijkman, Eindhoven University of Technology, The Netherlands

Vincent Dubois, CRIL - CNRS, IUT de Lens, France

Beatrice Duval, LERIA, University Angers, France

Fausto Fasano, Università di Salerno, Italy

Paulo Félix, Universidade de Santiago de Compostela, Spain

Oscar Pedreira Fernández, University of A Coruña, Spain

David Ferreira, INESC, Portugal

Rita Francese, Università di Salerno, Italy

Vittorio Fuccella, University of Salerno, Italy

David Heise, University Duisburg-Essen, Germany

Na Helian, Hertfordshire University, U.K.

AUXILIARY REVIEWERS (CONT.)

Andi Iskandar, Kyushuu Sangyo University, Japan

Nitin Kanaskar, UALR, Little Rock, U.S.A.

R. B. Lenin, UALR, Little Rock, U.S.A.

Oriana Licchelli, ESEO, France

Fernanda Lima, Universidade Católica de Brasília, Brazil

Marcos López, Rey Juan Carlos University, Spain

Luiz Mauricio Martins, University of Coimbra, Portugal

Shamila Makki, Florida International University, U.S.A.

Philip Mayer, Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, Germany

Bernado Mello, Embrapa, Brazil

Germana Menezes da Nóbrega, Universidade Católica de Brasília, Brazil

Iñigo Monedero, University of Seville, Spain

Gabriele Monti, DEIS University of Bologna, Cesena, Italy

Diego Seco Naveiras, University of A Coruña, Spain

Rocco Oliveto, Università di Salerno, Italy

Efi Papatheocharous, University of Cyprus, Cyprus

Ignazio Passero, Universitá di Salerno, Italy

Manuel Lama Penín, Universidade de Santiago de Compostela, Spain

Hércules Antonio do Prado, Embrapa & Universidade Católica de Brasília, Brazil

Franck Ravat, University of Toulouse 1, IRIT, France

Michele Risi, University of Salerno, Italy

K. Sauvagnat, IRIT/SIG, France

João Saraiva, INESC, Portugal

Carlos Senna, University of Campinas, Brazil

Ivo dos Santos, University of Campinas, Brazil

Ernst Sikora, SSE, University Duisburg-Essen, Germany

Renate Strazdina, Riga Technical University, Latvia

Xosé Antón Vila Sobrino, Universidade de Vigo, Spain

Anastasis Sofokleous, University of Cyprus, Cyprus

Sithu D. Sudarsan, UALR, Little Rock, U.S.A.

Jonas Sprenger, University Duisburg-Essen, Germany

Mehdi Snene, University of Geneva, Switzerland

Giuseppe Scanniello, Università della Basilicata, Italy

Constantinos Stylianou, University of Cyprus, Cyprus

Guilaine Talens, University of Lyon, France

Christer Thörn, Jönköping University, Sweden

Athanasios Tsadiras, Alexander Technological Educational Institute of Thessaloniki, Greece

S. Vimalathithan, UALR, Little Rock, U.S.A.

Zhiming Wang, University of Georgia, U.S.A.

Sining Wu, Cranfield University, U.K.

Kenji Yoshigoe, UALR, Little Rock, U.S.A.

Johannes Zaha, University of Duisburg-Essen, Germany

Chuanlei Zhang, UALR, Little Rock, U.S.A.

Johannes Zaha, SSE, University Duisburg-Essen, Germany

SELECTED PAPERS BOOK

A number of selected papers presented at ICEIS 2008 will be published by Springer-Verlag in a LNBIP Series book. This selection will be done by the Conference Chair and Program Chair, among the papers actually presented at the conference, based on a rigorous review by the ICEIS 2008 program committee members.

FOREWORD

This volume contains the proceedings of the Tenth International Conference on Enterprise Information Systems (ICEIS 2008), organized by the Institute for Systems and Technologies of Information Control and Communication (INSTICC) in cooperation with the Association for Advancement of Artificial Intelligence (AAAI) and co-sponsored by the Workflow Management Coalition (WfMC).

ICEIS 2008, held in Barcelona, Spain, culminates a series of ten successful ICEIS editions, clearly showing that this is a world class event which has become a major point of contact between research scientists, engineers and practitioners in the area of business applications of information systems. This year, five simultaneous tracks were held, covering different aspects related to enterprise computing, including: "Databases and Information Systems Integration", "Artificial Intelligence and Decision Support Systems", "Information Systems Analysis and Specification", "Software Agents and Internet Computing" and "Human-Computer Interaction". All tracks describe research work that is often oriented towards real world applications and highlight the benefits of Information Systems and Technology for industry and services, thus making a bridge between the Academia and the Enterprise worlds.

Following the trend of previous editions, ICEIS 2008 also had a number of satellite workshops, related to the field of the conference. This year we collaborated in the organization of the following ten international workshops: 8th International Workshop on Pattern Recognition in Information Systems; 6th International Workshop on Modelling, Simulation, Verification and Validation of Enterprise Information Systems; 6th International Workshop on Security In Information Systems; 5th International Workshop on Natural Language Processing and Cognitive Science; 2nd International Workshop on RFID Technology - Concepts, Applications, Challenges; 2nd International Workshop on Human Resource Information Systems; and the joint workshops: 5th International Workshop on Ubiquitous Computing; 4th International Workshop on Model-Driven Enterprise Information Systems; and 3nd International Workshop on Technologies for Context-Aware Business Process Management.

ICEIS 2008 received 665 paper submissions from more than 40 countries in all continents. 62 papers were published and presented as full papers, i.e. completed work (8 pages/30' oral presentation), 183 papers reflecting work-in-progress or position papers were accepted for short presentation, and another 161 contributions were scheduled for poster presentation.

These numbers, leading to a "full-paper" acceptance ratio below 10%, and a total acceptance ratio below 61%, show the intention of preserving a high quality forum for the next editions of this conference. Additionally, as usual in the ICEIS conference series, a number of invited talks, presented by internationally recognized specialists in different areas, have positively contributed to reinforce the overall quality of the Conference and to provide a deeper understanding of the Enterprise Information Systems field.

A book of Selected Papers will be published, following the conference, by Springer-Verlag in the newly created series "Lecture Notes in Business Information Processing" (LNBIP). This series brings the successful LNCS approach to areas such as business information systems, e-business, B2B integration, Enterprise applications and industrial software development.

The program for this conference required the dedicated effort of many people. Firstly, we must thank the authors, whose research and development efforts are recorded here. Secondly, we thank the members of the program committee and the additional reviewers for their diligence and expert reviewing. Thirdly, we thank the invited speakers for their invaluable contribution and for taking the time to synthesise and prepare their talks. Fourthly, we thank the workshop chairs and the special session chairs whose collaboration with ICEIS was much appreciated. Finally, special thanks to all the members of the local organising committee, especially Jorge Cardoso, whose collaboration was fundamental for the success of this conference.

This year, the organization will distribute two awards to papers presented at the conference: the best paper award and the best student paper award, mainly based on the classifications provided by the Program Committee members.

We wish you all an exciting conference and an unforgettable stay in Barcelona. We hope to meet you again next year for the 11th ICEIS, to be held in Milan - Italy, details of which are available at http://www.iceis.org.

Joaquim Filipe I.P.Setúbal/ INSTICC, Portugal

José Cordeiro I.P.Setúbal/INSTICC, Portugal

CONTENTS

INVITED SPEAKERS

KEYNOTE LECTURES	
THE LINK BETWEEN PAPER AND INFORMATION SYSTEMS Moira C. Norrie	IS-5
TOWARDS A DISTRIBUTED SEARCH ENGINE Ricardo Baeza-Yates	IS-13
SERVICE ENGINEERING FOR FUTURE BUSINESS VALUE NETWORKS Jorge Cardoso	IS-15
FROM STONE AGE TO INFORMATION AGE: (SOFTWARE) LANGUAGES THROUGH THE AGES <i>Jean-Marie Favre</i>	IS-21
ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEMS	
FULL PAPERS	
AN ENHANCED SYSTEM FOR PATTERN RECOGNITION AND SUMMARISATION OF MULTI-BAND SATELLITE IMAGES Hema Nair	5
ANOMALY DETECTION ALGORITHMS IN BUSINESS PROCESS LOGS Fábio Bezerra and Jacques Wainer	11
RULE EVOLUTION APPROACH FOR MINING MULTIVARIATE TIME SERIES DATA Viet-An Nguyen and Vivekanand Gopalkrishnan	19
DYNAMIC SEARCH-BASED TEST DATA GENERATION FOCUSED ON DATA FLOW PATHS Anastasis A. Sofokleous and Andreas S. Andreou	27
A MEMETIC-GRASP ALGORITHM FOR CLUSTERING Yannis Marinakis, Magdalene Marinaki, Nikolaos Matsatsinis and Constantin Zopounidis	36
ON CHECKING TEMPORAL-OBSERVATION SUBSUMPTION IN SIMILARITY-BASED DIAGNOSIS OF ACTIVE SYSTEMS Gianfranco Lamperti, Federica V ivenzi and Marina Zanella	44
AN ONTOLOGY DRIVEN DATA MINING PROCESS Laurent Brisson and Martine Collard	54
BAYESIAN-NETWORKS-BASED MISUSE AND ANOMALY PREVENTION SYSTEM Pablo Garcia Bringas, Yoseba K. Penya, Stefano Paraboschi and Paolo Salvaneschi	62
DISCOVERING MULTI-PERSPECTIVE PROCESS MODELS	

Francesco Folino, Gianluigi Greco, Antonella Guzzo and Luigi Pontieri

Rosa Matias, João-Paulo Moura, Paulo Martins and Fátima Rodrigues

SEMI-AUTOMATIC PARTITIONING BY VISUAL SNAPSHOPTS

70

78

RULES AS SIMPLE WAY TO MODEL KNOWLEDGE - Closing the Gap between Promise and Reality Valentin Zacharias	87
COST-BENEFIT ANALYSIS FOR THE DESIGN OF PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS Max Völkel and Andreas Abecker	95
SEMANTIC ANNOTATION OF EPC MODELS IN ENGINEERING DOMAINS BY EMPLOYING SEMANTIC PATTERNS Andreas Bögl, Michael Schrefl, Gustav Pomberger and Norbert Weber	106
SHORT PAPERS	
USING CASE-BASED REASONING TO EXPLAIN EXCEPTIONAL CASES Rainer Schmidt and Olga Vorobieva	119
ALGORITHMS FOR AI LOGIC OF DECISIONS IN MULTI-AGENT ENVIRONMENT Vladimir Rybakov and Sergey Babenyshev	125
BUILDING A DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM FOR STUDENTS BY USING CONCEPT MAPS Dumitru Dan Burdescu, Marian Cristian Mihaescu and Bogdan Logofatu	130
RECOGNITION OF VEHICLE NUMBER PLATES Ondrej Martinsky	136
ENTERPRISE INFORMATION RETRIEVAL: A SURVEY Hamid Turab Mirza	141
COMBINING INDEXING METHODS AND QUERY SIZES IN INFORMATION RETRIEVAL IN FRENCH Désiré Kompaoré, Josiane Mothe and Ludovic Tanguy	149
A NEW LEARNING ALGORITHM FOR CLASSIFICATION IN THE REDUCED SPACE Luminita State, Catalina Cocianu, Ion Rosca and Panayiotis Vlamos	155
INTERNAL FRAUD RISK REDUCTION - Results of a Data Mining Case Study Mieke Jans, Nadine Lybaert and Koen Vanhoof	161
FORECASTING WITH ARTMAP-IC NEURAL NETWORKS - An Application Using Corporate Bankruptcy Data Anatoli Nachev	167
A GLOBAL MODEL OF SEQUENCES OF DISCRETE EVENT CLASS OCCURRENCES Philippe Bouché, Marc Le Goc and Jérôme Coinu	173
APPLYING MULTI-AGENT SYSTEMS TO ORGANIZATIONAL MODELLING IN INDUSTRIAL ENVIRONMENTS M. C. Romero, R. M. Crowder, Y. W. Sim and T. R. Payne	181
A KNOWLEDGE-BASED PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENT SYSTEM FOR IMPROVING RESOURCE UTILIZATION Annie C. Y. Lam, S. K. Kwok and W. B. Lee	187
A MODEL TO RATE TRUST IN COMMUNITIES OF PRACTICE Lavier Portillo-Rodriquez Juan Pahlo Soto, Aurora Vizcaino and Mario Piattini	193

A JOINT OPTIMIZATION ALGORITHM FOR DISPATCHING TASKS IN AGENT-BASED	
WORKFLOW MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS Pavlos Delias, Anastasios Doulamis and Nikolaos Matsatsinis	199
SIFT APPROACH FOR BALL RECOGNITION IN SOCCER IMAGES M. Leo, T. D'Orazio, N. Mosca and A. Distante	207
ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE FOR WOUND IMAGE UNDERSTANDING Augustin Prodan, Mădălina Rusu, Remus Câmpean and Rodica Prodan	213
THE LINGUISTIC GENERALIZED OWA OPERATOR AND ITS APPLICATION IN STRATEGIC DECISION MAKING José M. Merigó and Anna M. Gil-Lafuente	219
ORGANIZATIONAL MODELING AND ANALYSIS OF SAFETY OCCURRENCE REPORTING IN AIR TRAFFIC Alexei Sharpanskykh, Sybert H. Stroeve and Henk A. P. Blom	225
GENETIC FEATURE SELECTION AND STATISTICAL CLASSIFICATION OF VOIDS IN CONCRETE STRUCTURE G. Acciani, G. Fornarelli, D. Magarielli and D. Maiullari	231
REAL TIME CLUSTERING MODEL J. Cheng, M. R. Sayeh and M. R. Zargham	235
AN INTELLIGENT DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM FOR SUPPLIER SELECTION R. J. Kuo, L. Y. Lee and Tung-Lai Hu	241
NURSE SCHEDULING BY COOPERATIVE GA WITH VARIABLE MUTATION OPERATOR Shin-ya Uneme, Hikaru Kawano and Makoto Ohki	249
DISCOVERING EXPERT'S KNOWLEDGE FROM SEQUENCES OF DISCRETE EVENT CLASS OCCURRENCES Le Goe Mare and Benayadi Nabil	253
MACHINE GROUPING IN CELLULAR MANUFACTURING SYSTEM USING TANDEM AUTOMATED GUIDED VEHICLE WITH ACO BASED SIX SIGMA APPROACH Iraj Mahdavi, Babak Shirazi and Mohammad Mahdi Paydar	261
ANYTIME AHP METHOD FOR PREFERENCES ELICITATION IN STEREOTYPE-BASED RECOMMENDER SYSTEM Lior Rokach, Amnon Meisels and Alon Scholar	268
MULTICRITERIA DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM MULTIOPTIMA Mariana V assileva, V assilev, Boris Staykov, Krassimira Genova and Danail Dochev	270
DETECTION OF INCOHERENCES IN A TECHNICAL AND NORMATIVE DOCUMENT CORPUS Susana Martin-Toral, Gregorio I. Sainz-Palmero and Yannis Dimitriadis	282
AN EFFICIENT HYBRID METHOD FOR CLUSTERING PROBLEMS H. Panahi and R. Tavakkoli-Moghaddam	288
COMPONENT-BASED SUPPORT FOR KNOWLEDGE-BASED SYSTEMS Sabine Moisan	295
HIPPOCRATIC MULTI-AGENT SYSTEMS Ludivine Crépin, Laurent Vercouter, Olivier Boissier, Yves Demazeau and François Jacquenet	301

A SIMILARITY MEASURE FOR MUSIC SIGNALS Thibault Langlois and Gonçalo Marques	308
MANAGING CHARACTERISTIC ORGANIZATION KNOWLEDGE IN COLLABORATIVE NETWORKS Ekaterina Ermilova and Hamideh Afsarmanesh	313
AN APPROXIMATE PROPAGATION ALGORITHM FOR PRODUCT-BASED POSSIBILISTIC NETWORKS Amen Ajroud, Mohamed Nazih Omri, Salem Benferhat and Habib Youssef	321
AN EVALUATION INSTRUMENT FOR LEARNING OBJECT QUALITY AND MANAGEMENT Erla M. Morales Morgado, Francisco J. García Peñalvo and Ángela Barrón Ruiz	327
CELLULAR AUTOMATA BASED MODELING OF THE FORMATION AND EVOLUTION OF SOCIAL NETWORKS: A Case in Dentistry Rubens A. Zimbres, Eliane P. Z. Brito and Pedro P. B. de Oliveira	333
EVS PROCESS MINER: Incorporating Ideas from Search and ETL into Process Mining Jon Espen Ingvaldsen and Jon Atle Gulla	340
A DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM FOR INTEGRATED ASSEMBLY AND DISASSEMBLY PLANNING USING A GA APPROACH Yuan-Jye Tseng, Hsiao-Ting Kao and Feng-Yi Huang	348
KNOWLEDGE ACQUISITION WITH OM - A Heuristic Solution Adolfo Guzman-Arenas and Alma-Delia Cuevas-Rasgado	356
A BI-CRITERIA SCHEDULING FRAMEWORK FOR THE SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT OF MOBILE PROVIDERS Göktürk Gezer, İlker Yaz, Hasan Mert Taymaz, Tansel Özyer and Reda Alhajj	364
A DATA MINING METHOD BASED ON THE VARIABILITY OF THE CUSTOMER CONSUMPTION - A Special Application on Electric Utility Companies Félix Biscarri, Ignacio Monedero, Carlos León, Juán I. Guerrero, Jesús Biscarri and Rocío Millán	370
ARCHCOLLECT - A Tool for WEB Usage Knowledge Acquisition from User's Interactions Ahmed Ali Abdalla Esmin, Joubert de Castro Lima, Edgar Toshiro Yano and Tiago Garcia de Senna Carneiro	375
Posters	
A NEW APPROXIMATE REASONING BASED ON SPMF Dae-Young Choi	383
TEMPORAL INFORMATION INDEXING MODEL Witold Abramowicz and Andrzej Bassara	387
MULTI-AGENT AND EMBEDDED SYSTEM TECHNOLOGIES FOR AUTOMATIC SURVEILLANCE	201
M. C. Romero, F. Sivianes, A. Carrasco, M. D. Hernández and J. I. Escudero	391
THE SWARM EFFECT MINIMIZATION ALGORITHM - Utilized to Optimise the Frequency Assignment Problem Grant Blaise O'Reilly and Elizabeth Ehlers	397
A DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM FOR FACILITY LOCATION SELECTION BASED ON A FUZZY HOUSE OF QUALITY METHOD R. Tavakkoli-Moghaddam and S. Hassanzadeh-Amin	403
2	103

Emili Vizuete Luciano and Anna Mª Gil Lafuente	407
AN OBJECT SELECTION MECHANISM FOR SCHEMA INTEGRATION OF AGENT'S KNOWLEDGE STRUCTURE IN VIRTUAL REALITY Dong-Hoon Kim and Jong-Hee Park	411
A STOCHASTIC APPROACH FOR PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS OF PRODUCTION FLOWS Philippe Bouché and Cecilia Zanni	416
DISTRIBUTED ENSEMBLE LEARNING IN TEXT CLASSIFICATION Catarina Silva, Bernardete Ribeiro, Uroš Lotrič and Andrej Dobnikar	420
ASSESSMENT OF THE EFFECT OF NOISE ON AN UNSUPERVISED FEATURE SELECTION METHOD FOR GENERATIVE TOPOGRAPHIC MAPPING Alfredo Vellido and Jorge S. Velazco	424
LOCAL SEARCH AS A FIXED POINT OF FUNCTIONS Eric Monfroy, Frédéric Saubion, Broderick Crawford and Carlos Castro	431
A LOSSLESS COMPRESSION ALGORITHM FOR DNA SEQUENCES Taysir H. A. Soliman, Tarek F. Gharib, Alshaimaa Abo-Alian and Mohammed Alsharkany	435
THE PROTÉGÉ - PROMETHEUS APPROACH TO SUPPORT MULTI-AGENT SYSTEMS CREATION Marina V. Sokolova and Antonio Fernández-Caballero	442
K-SITE RULES - Integrating Business Rules in the Mainstream Software Engineering Practice José L. Martínez-Fernández, José C. González and Pablo Suárez	446
IMPROVING CASE RETRIEVAL PERFORMANCE THROUGH THE USE OF CLUSTERING TECHNIQUES Paulo Tomé, Ernesto Costa and Luís Amaral	450
COMPARING PEOPLE IN THE ENTERPRISE Gianluca Demartini	455
K-NN: ESTIMATING AN ADEQUATE VALUE FOR PARAMETER K Bruno Borsato, Alexandre Plastino and Luiz Merschmann	459
THE GENERALIZED HYBRID AVERAGING OPERATOR AND ITS APPLICATION IN FINANCIAL DECISION MAKING José M. Merigó and Montserrat Casanovas	467
ANALYSING MULTIDIMENSIONAL DATABASES USING DATA MINING AND BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE TO PROVIDE DECISION SUPPORT Rajveer Singh Basra and Kevin J. Lu	472
A MULTI AGENT SYSTEM MODEL TO EVALUATE THE DYNAMICS OF A COLLABORATIVE NETWORK Ilaria Baffo, Giuseppe Confessore, Graziano Galiano and Silvia Rismondo	480
NEURAL NETWORKS APPLICATION TO FAULT DETECTION IN ELECTRICAL SUBSTATIONS Luiz Biondi Neto, Pedro Henrique Gouvêa Coelho, Alexandre Mendonça Lopes, Marcelo Nestor da Silva and David Targueta	484
NEGOTIATION SUPPORTED THROUGH RISK ASSESSMENT Sérgio Assis Rodrigues, Jano Moreira de Souza and Melise de Paula	488

ONTOLOGICAL APPROACH FOR THE CONFORMITY CHECKING MODELING IN	
CONSTRUCTION Catherine Faron-Zucker, Nhan Le Thanh, Anastasiya Yurchyshyna and Alain Zarli	492
A NOVEL TERM WEIGHTING SCHEME FOR A FUZZY LOGIC BASED INTELLIGENT WEB AGENT	
Ariel Gómez, Jorge Ropero, Carlos León and Alejandro Carrasco	490
EXPLORATIVE ASSOCIATION MINING - Cross-sector Knowledge for the European Home Textile Industry	
Jessica Huster, Michael Spenke and Gerrit Bury	500
CONGESTION CONTROL SYSTEM WITH PID CONTROLLER USING FUZZY ADAPTATION MECHANISM Magdalena Turonska	504
MULTICRITERIA DECISION AID USE FOR CONFLICTING AGENT PREFERENCES MODELING UNDER NEGOTIATION Noria Tagbezout and Abdelkader Adla	508
MODEL FOR TRUST WITHIN INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY MANAGEMENT Dayse de Mello Benzi, Rafael Timóteo de Sousa Júnior, Christophe Bidan and Ludovic Mé	513
OPTIMAL LAYOUT SELECTION USING PETRI NET IN AN AUTOMATED ASSEMBLING SHOP Iraj Mahdavi, Mohammad Mahdi Paydar, Babak Shirazi and Magsud Solimanpur	519
A NEW STATISTICAL MODEL - To Designing a Decision Support System Morteza Zahedi, Ali Ponyan and Esmat Hejazi	524
SOLVING THE UNIVERSITY COURSE TIMETABLING PROBLEM BY HYPERCUBE	
FRAMEWORK FOR ACO Jose Miguel Rubio L., Broderick Crawford L. and Franklin Johnson P.	531
THE DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE INTEGRATED DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM ON LABOR MARKET	
Dongjin Yu, Shixin Feng and Guangming Wang	535
AUTOMATIC CLASSIFICATION OF MIDI TRACKS Alexandre Bernardo and Thibault Langlois	539
INTEGRATING SIMULATION INTO A WEB-BASED DECISION SUPPORT TOOL FOR THE COST EFFECTIVE PLANNING OF VESSEL DISMANTLING PROCESSES	
Charalambia Pylarinou, Dimitrios Koumanakos, Antonios Hapsas, Nikos Karacapilidis and Emmanuel Adamides	544
FUZZY INDUCED AGGREGATION OPERATORS IN DECISION MAKING WITH DEMPSTER-SHAFER BELIEF STRUCTURE	
José M. Merigó and Montserrat Casanovas	548
A PARTIAL-VIEW COOPERATION FRAMEWORK BASED ON THE SOCIOLOGY OF ORGANIZED ACTION	
Carmen Lucia Ruybal dos Santos, Sandra Sandri and Christophe Sibertin-Blanc	553
RESEARCH ON LEARNING-OBJECT MANAGEMENT Erla Morales, Francisco García and Ángela Barrón Ruiz	559
FACILITATION SUPPORT FOR ON-LINE FOCUS GROUP DISCUSSIONS BY MESSAGE FEATURE MAP	
Noriko Imafuii Yasui, Shunsuke Saruwatari, Xavier I lorà and David E. Goldhero	563

Production Lines Eugen Volk	567
TOWARDS ENCOURAGING CONTRIBUTION TO A SEMANTIC WIKI-BASED EXPERIENCE REPOSITORY Alessandro dos S. Borges and Germana M. da Nóbrega	571
MULTIPLICATIVE NEURAL NETWORK WITH SWARM INTELLIGENCE FOR MULTICARRIER TRANSMITTER Nibaldo Rodriguez, Claudio Cubillos and Orlando Duran	575
A TOOL OF DECISION SUPPORT FOR THE NATURAL RISK MANAGEMENT Nadia Abdat and Zaia Alimazighi	579
ALGORITHMS FOR ESTIMATING FOREST INVENTORY PARAMETERS FROM DATA ACQUIRED BY REMOTE SENSING METHODS Ingus Smits and Salvis Dagis	583
MASSIVE PARALLEL NETWORKS OF EVOLUTIONARY PROCESSORS AS NP-PROBLEM SOLVERS Nuria Gómez Blas, Luis F. de Mingo and Eugenio Santos	588
NEW APPROACHES TO CLUSTERING DATA - Using the Particle Swarm Optimization Algorithm Ahmed Ali Abdalla Esmin and Dilson Lucas Pereira	593
AUTHOR INDEX	599

A MODEL TO RATE TRUST IN COMMUNITIES OF PRACTICE

Javier Portillo-Rodriguez, Juan Pablo Soto

Alarcos Research Group, University of Castilla-La Mancha, Paseo de la Universidad, 4 , Ciudad Real, Spain javier.portillo@uclm.es, JuanPablo.Soto@inf-cr.uclm.es

Aurora Vizcaino, Mario Piattini

Alarcos Research Group, University of Castilla-La Mancha, Paseo de la Universidad, 4 , Ciudad Real, Spain aurora.vizcaino@uclm.es, mario.piattini@uclm.es

Keywords: Communities of Practice, Knowledge Management, Trust, Reputation.

Abstract:

Communities of Practice are an important centre of knowledge exchange in which feelings such as membership or trust play a significant role since both is the basis for a suitable sharing of knowledge. However, current Communities of Practice are often "virtual" as their members may be geographically distributed. This makes it more difficult for a feeling of trust to take place. In this paper we describe a trust model designed to help software agents, which represent communities of practice members, to rate how trustworthy a knowledge source is. It is important to clarify that we also consider members as knowledge sources since, in fact, they are the most important knowledge providers.

1 INTRODUCTION

In recent years Knowledge Management (KM) has become an important success factor for companies. The purpose of knowledge management is to help companies to create, share and use knowledge more effectively (Davenport, 1997). Information technologies play a key role in achieving these goals but are only a small component in an overall system that must integrate the supporting technology with people-based business processes. Nowadays, organizations must operate in a climate of rapid market change and high information volume, and this increases the necessity to create knowledge management systems which support the knowledge process. KM is not a technological solution but is rather, primarily, a people oriented process which takes into account such factors as leadership, culture, expertise and learning, with technology playing a supporting role. Using this idea as a base, we have studied how people obtain and increase their knowledge in their daily work. This study led us to the conclusion that employees frequently exchange knowledge with people who work on similar topics, and consequently communities are either formally or informally created. These communities can be called "communities of practice", by which we mean groups of people with a common interest where each

member contributes knowledge about a common domain (Wenger, 1998).

Communities of practice (CoPs) enable their members to benefit from each other's knowledge. This knowledge resides not only in people's minds but also in the interaction between people and documents. CoPs share values, beliefs, languages, and ways of doing things. Many companies report that such communities help reduce problems caused by a lack of communication, and save time by "working smarter" (Wenger, 2002). An interesting fact is that members of a community are frequently more likely to use knowledge built by their community team members than those created by members outside their group (Desouza, 2006). This factor occurs because people trust more in the information offered by a member of their community than in that supplied by a person who does not belongs to that community. Of course, the fact of belonging to the same community of practice already implies that these people have similar interests and perhaps the same level of knowledge about a topic. Consequently, the level of trust within a community is often higher than that which exists outside the community. As a result of this, as is claimed in (Desouza, 2006), knowledge reuse tends to be restricted within groups. Therefore, people, in real life in general and in companies in particular,

prefer to exchange knowledge with "trustworthy people" by which we mean people they trust. For these reasons we consider the implementation of a mechanism in charge of measuring and controlling the confidence level in a community in which the members share information to be of great importance.

Bearing in mind that people exchange information with "trustworthy knowledge sources" we have designed a trust model to help CoPs members to decide whether a knowledge source (for instance a person) is trustworthy or not. In the following section we describe various definitions of two related concepts: trust and reputation. In Section 3 we then explain a trust model which can be used in CoPs. Section 4 describes how the trust model can be used and how it works. In Section 5 we compare our proposal with other related works and finally, in Section 6, we present some conclusions and future work.

2 TRUST AND REPUTATION

Trust is a complex notion whose study is usually narrowly scoped. This has given rise to an evident lack of coherence among researchers in the definition of trust. For instance in (Barber, 2004) the authors define trust as confidence in the ability and intention of an information source to deliver correct information. In (Wang, 2003), Wang and Vassileva define trust as a peer's belief in another peer's capabilities, honesty and reliability based on his/her own direct experiences. In (Mui, 2001) trust is defined as a subjective expectation that one agent has about another's future behavior based on the history of their encounters.

Social scientists have collectively identified three types of trust, which are:

- Interpersonal trust which is the trust one agent directly has in another agent (McKnight, 1996).
- System trust or impersonal trust refers to trust that is not based on any property or state of trustee but rather on the perceived properties or reliance on the system or institution within which that trust exists.
 For instance, inherited experiences of an organization.
- Dispositional trust, or Basic trust, describes the general trusting attitude of the truster. This is "a sense of basic trust, which is a pervasive attitude toward oneself and the world" (McKnight, 1996).

Experiences and knowledge form the basis for trust in future familiar situations (Luhmann, 1979). For this reason, the frequency and intensity of interactions between people provide an increased level of habituation which reinforces trust between the parties.

Another important concept related to trust is reputation. Several definitions of reputation can be found in literature, such as that of Mui et al in (Mui, 2001) who define reputation as a perception that one agent has of another's intentions and norms. Barber and Kim define this concept as the amount of trust that an agent has in an information source, created through interactions with information sources (Barber, 2004) and Wang and Vassileva in (Wang, 2003) define reputation as a peer's belief in another peer's capabilities, honesty and realibility based on recommendations received from other peers.

In our work we intend to follow the definition given by Wang and Vassileva which considers that the difference between both concepts depends on who has the previous experience, so if a person has direct experiences of, for instance, a knowledge source we can say that this person has a trust value in this knowledge. However if another person has had the previous experience and recommends a knowledge source to us, then we can say that this source has a reputation value.

3 TRUST MODEL IN CoPs

Our aim is to provide a trust model based on real world social properties of trust in Communities of Practice (CoPs) by which we mean groups of people with a common interest where each member contributes knowledge about a common domain (Wenger, 1998). An interesting fact is that members of a community are frequently more likely to use knowledge built by their community team members than those created by members outside their group (Desouza, 2006). This factor occurs because people trust more in the information offered by a member of their community than in that supplied by a person who does not belong to that community. Of course, the fact of belonging to the same community of practice already implies that these people have similar interests and perhaps the same level of knowledge about a topic. Consequently, the level of trust within a community is often higher than that which exists outside the community. As a result of this, as is claimed in (Desouza, 2006), knowledge reuse tends to be restricted within groups. Therefore, people, in real life in general and in companies in particular, prefer to exchange knowledge with "trustworthy people" by which we mean people they trust. For these reasons we consider the implementation of a mechanism in charge of measuring and controlling the confidence level in a community in which the members share information to be of great importance.

Most previous trust models calculate trust by using the users' previous experience with other users but when there is no previous experience, for instance, when a new user arrives, these models cannot calculate a reliable trust value. We propose calculating trust by using four factors that can be stressed depending on the circumstances. These factors are:

- **Position:** employees often consider information that comes from a boss as being more reliable than that which comes from another employee in the same (or a lower) position as him/her (Wasserman, 1994). However, this is not a universal truth and depends on the situation. For instance in a collaborative learning setting collaboration is more likely to occur between people of a similar status than between a boss and his/her employee or between a teacher and pupils (Dillenbourg, 1999). Such different positions inevitably influence the way in which knowledge is acquired, diffused and eventually transformed within the local area. Because of this, as will later be explained, this factor will be calculated in our research by taking into account a weight that can strengthen this factor to a greater or to a lesser degree.
- Expertise: This term can be briefly defined as the skill or knowledge that a person who knows a great deal about a specific thing has. This is an important factor since people often trust experts more than novice employees. In addition, "individual" level knowledge is embedded in the skills and competencies of the researchers, experts, and professionals working in the organization (Nonaka, 1995). The level of expertise that a person has in a company or in a CoP could be calculated from his/her CV or by considering the amount of time that a person has been working on a topic. This is data that most companies are presumed to have.
- **Previous experience:** This is a critical factor in rating a trust value since, as was mentioned in the definitions of trust and reputation, previous experience is the key value through which to obtain a precise trust value. However, when previous experience is scarce or it does not exist

- humans use other factors to decide whether or not to trust in a person or a knowledge source. One of these factors is intuition.
- Intuition: This is a subjective factor which, according to our study of the state of the art, has not been considered in previous trust models. However, this concept is very important because when people do not have any previous experience they often use their "intuition" to decide whether or not they are going to trust something. Other authors have called this issue "indirect reputation or prior-derived reputation" (Mui, 2002). In human societies, each of us probably has different prior beliefs about the trustworthiness of strangers we meet. Sexual or racial discrimination might be a consequence of such prior belief (Mui, 2002). We have tried to model intuition according to the similarity between personal profiles: the greater the similarity between one person and another, the greater the level of trust in this person as a result of intuition.

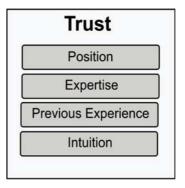


Figure 1: Trust Model.

By taking all these factors into account, we have defined our own model with which to rate trust in CoPs, and this is summarized in Figure 1.

4 USING OUR TRUST MODEL

The main goal of this model is to rate the level of confidence in an information source or in a provider of knowledge in a CoP.

As the model will be used in virtual communities where people are usually distributed in different locations we have implemented a multi-agent architecture in which each software agent acts on behalf of a person and each agent uses this trust

model to analyze which person or piece of knowledge is more trustworthy.

We have chosen the agent paradigm because it constitutes a natural metaphor for systems with purposeful interacting agents, and this abstraction is close to the human way of thinking about their own activities (Wooldridge, 2001). This foundation has led to an increasing interest in social aspects such as motivation, leadership, culture or trust (Fuentes, 2004).

In our case, the model is going to be used in CoPs and this fact implies several considerations.

The number of interactions that an agent will have with other agents in the community will be low in comparison with other scenarios such as auctions. This is very important because we cannot use trust models which need a lot of interactions to obtain a reliable trust value; it is more important to obtain a reliable initial trust value and it is for this reason that we use position, expertise and intuition.

As we observed in the previous section in Figure 1, we use four factors to obtain a trust value, but how do we use these factors? We have classified these four factors into two groups: objective factors (position and expertise) and subjective factors (intuition and previous experience). The former is given by the company or community and the latter depends on the agent itself and the agent's experience in time. There are four different ways of using these factors, which depend upon the agent's situation (see Figure 2):

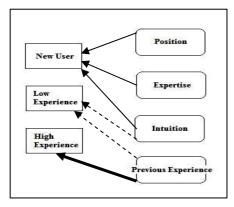


Figure 2: Using the Trust Model.

 If the agent has no previous experience, for instance because it is a new user in the community, then the agent uses position, expertise and intuition to obtain an initial trust value and this value is used to discover which other agents it can trust.

- When the agent has previous experience obtained through interactions with other agents but this previous experience is low (low number of interactions), the agent calculates the trust value by considering the intuition value and the experience value. For instance, if an agent A has a high experience value for agent B but agent A has a low intuition value for agent B (profiles are not very similar), then agent A reduces the value obtained through experience. In this case the agent does not use position and expertise factors (objective factors) because the agent has its own experience and this experience is adjusted with its intuition which is subjective and more personalized.
- When the agent has enough previous experience to consider that the trust value it has obtained is reliable, then the agent only considers this value.

In order to test our model we have developed a prototype system into which CoPs members can introduce documents and where these documents can also be consulted by other people. The goal of this prototype is to allow software agents to help users to discover the information that may be useful to them, thus decreasing the overload of information that employees often have and strengthening the use of knowledge bases in enterprises. In addition, we try to avoid the situation of employees storing valueless information in a knowledge base.

The main feature of this system is that when a person searches for knowledge in a community his/her software agent has to evaluate that knowledge in order to indicate whether:

- The knowledge obtained was useful.
- How it was related to the topic of the search (for instance a lot, not too much, not at all).

With this information, and by using our trust model, the agent calculates the most trustworthy knowledge sources and sorts these documents by using the trust model and considering the most reliable documents according to his/her user profile and preferences (Soto et al., 2007).

5 RELATED WORKS

This research can be compared with other trust models. In models such as eBay(ebay, 2007) and Amazon (Amazon.com, 2007), which were

proposed to resolve specific situations in online commerce, the ratings are stored centrally and the reputation value is computed as the sum of those ratings over six months. Thus, reputation in these models is a global single value. However, these models are too simple (in terms of their trust values and the way they are aggregated) to be applied in open multi-agent systems. For instance, in (Zacharia, 1999) the authors present the Sporas model, a reputation mechanism for loosely connected online communities where, among other features, new users start with a minimum reputation value, the reputation value of a user never falls below the reputation of a new user and users with very high reputation values experience much smaller rating changes after each update. The problem in this approach is that when somebody has a high reputation value it is difficult to change this reputation or the system needs a high amount of interactions. A further approach of the Sporas authors is Histos which is a more personalized system than Sporas and is orientated towards highly connected online communities. In (Sabater, 2002) the authors present another reputation model called REGRET in which the reputation values depend on time: the most recent rates are more important than previous rates. (Carbó, 2003) presents the AFRAS model, which is based on Sporas but uses fuzzy logic. The authors presents a complex computing reputation mechanism that handles reputation as a fuzzy set while decision making is inspired in a cognitive human-like approach. In (Abdul-Rahman, 2000) the authors propose a model which allows agents to decide which agents' opinions they trust more and to propose a protocol based on recommendations. This model is based on a reputation or word-of-mouth mechanism. The main problem with this approach is that every agent must keep rather complex data structures which represent a kind of global knowledge about the whole network.

Barber and Kim present a multi-agent belief revision algorithm based on belief networks (Barber, 2004). In their model the agent is able to evaluate incoming information, to generate a consistent knowledge base, and to avoid fraudulent information from unreliable or deceptive information sources or agents. This work has a similar goal to ours. However, the means of attaining it are different. In Barber and Kim's case they define reputation as a probability measure, since the information source is assigned a reputation value of between 0 and 1. Moreover, every time a source sends knowledge that source should indicate the certainty factor that the

source has of that knowledge. In our case, the focus is very different since it is the receiver who evaluates the relevance of a piece of knowledge rather than the provider as in Barber and Kim's proposal.

In (Huynh, 2004) the authors present a trust and reputation model which integrates a number of information sources in order to produce a comprehensive assessment of an agent's likely performance. In this case the model uses four parameters to calculate trust values: interaction trust, role-based trust, witness reputation and certified reputation. We use a certified reputation when an agent wants to join a new community and uses a trust value obtained in other communities but in our case this certified reputation is composed of the four previously explained factors and is not only a single factor.

The main differences between these reputation models and our approach are that these models need an initial number of interactions to obtain a good reputation value and it is not possible to use them discover whether or not a new user can be trusted. A further difference is that our approach is orientated towards collaboration between users in CoPs. Other approaches are more orientated towards competition, and most of them are tested in auctions.

6 CONCLUSIONS AND FUTURE WORK

This paper describes a trust model which can be used in CoPs. The goal of this model is to help members to estimate how trustworthy a person or a knowledge source is since when a community is spread geographically, the advantages of face-to-face communication often disappear and therefore other techniques, such as our trust model, should be used to obtain information about other members.

One contribution of our model is that it takes into account objective and subjective parameters since the degree of trust that one person has in another is frequently influenced by both types of parameters. We therefore try to emulate social behaviour in CoPs.

We are testing our model in a prototype into which CoPs members can introduce documents, and software agents should decide how trustworthy these documents are for the user that they represent.

As future work, we are planning to add new functions to the prototype such as for instance, expert detection and recognition of fraudulent members who contribute with no useful knowledge. We would like to stress that we are working on depurating our trust model in order for it to be used in knowledge management systems with the goal of fostering the usage of this kind of tools since employees who frequently complain about them claim that these systems often store a lot of knowledge but it is difficult to know how trustworthy it is and which is more relevant for each user.

REFERENCES

- Abdul-Rahman, A., Hailes, S. (2000). "Supporting Trust in Virtual Communities." 33rd Hawaii International Conference on Systems Sciences (HICSS'00), IEEE Computer Society. Vol. 6, pp. 6007.
- Allen, T., (1984), "Managing the Flow of Technology: Technology Transfer and the Dissemination of Technological Information within the R&D Organization", Cambridge, MA: MIT Press.
- Amazon, (2007), URL: http://www.amazon.com.
- Barber, K., Kim, J. (2004). Belief Revision Process Based on Trust: Simulation Experiments. 4th Workshop on Deception, Fraud and Trust in Agent Societies, pp. 1-12
- Carbo, J., Molina, M., Davila, J., (2003). "Trust Management through Fuzzy Reputation", International Journal of Cooperative Information Systems, Vol. 12(1), pp. 135-155.
- Davenport, T. H., Prusak, L., (1997). Working Knowledge: How Organizations Manage What They Know. Boston, Massachusetts, Project Management Institute. Harvard Business School Press.
- Desouza, K., Awazu, Y., Baloh, P., (2006). "Managing Knowledge in Global Software Development Efforts: Issues and Practices", IEEE Software: 30-37.
- Dillenbourg, P., (1999), "Introduction: What Do You Mean By 'Collaborative Learning'?", In Collaborative Learning Cognitive and Computational Approaches, Dillenbourg (Ed.). Elsevier Science.
- ebay (2007), "URL: http://www.ebay.com".
- Fuentes, R., Gómez-Sanz, J., Pavón, J., (2004), "A Social Framework for Multi-agent Systems Validation and Verification", Wang, S. et al (Eds.) ER Workshop, LNCS 3289, pp. 458-469.
- Huynh, T., Jennings, N., Shadbolt, N., (2004), "FIRE: an integrated trust and reputation model

- for open multi-agent systems." Proceedings of 16th European Conference on Artificial Intelligence, pp. 18-22.
- Luhmann, N., (1979), Trust and Power.
- McKnight, D., Chervany, N. (1996), The Meanings of Trust.
- Mui, L., Halberstadt, A., Mohtashemi, M., (2002).

 "Notions of Reputation in Multi-Agents Systems:

 A Review." International Conference on
 Autonomous Agents and Multi-Agents Systems
 (AAMAS'02), pp. 280-287.
- Mui, L., Mohtashemi, M., Ang, C., Szolovits, P., Halberstadt, A. (2001), "Ratings in Distributed Systems Systems: A Bayesian Approach". In 11th Workshop on Information Technologies and Systems (WITS), New Orleands.
- Nonaka, I., Takeuchi, H. (1995). The Knowledge Creation Company: How Japanese Companies Create the Dynamics of Innovation, Oxford University Press.
- Sabater, J., Sierra, C. (2002). "Social REGRET, a Reputation Model based on social relations." Proceedings of the Fifth International Conference on Autonomous Agents, pp. 44-56.
- Schafer, B. J., Konstan, A., J., Riedl, J. (1999). "Recommender Systems in E-Commerce", 1st ACM Conference on Electronic Conference (EC), pp. 158-166.
- Soto, J. P., Vizcaíno, A, Portillo-Rodriguez, J., Piattini, M., (2007), "Agents that help to detect trustworthy knowledge sources in knowledge management systems", Proceedings of 2nd International Conference on Software and Data Technologies (ICSOFT), pp. 219-226.
- Wang, Y., Vassileva, J., (2003), "Trust and Reputation Model in Peer-to-Peer Networks", Proceedings of IEEE Conference on P2P Computing.
- Wasserman, S., Glaskiewics, J., (1994), "Advances in Social Networks Analysis." Sage Publications.
- Wenger, E. (1998). Communities of Practice: Learning Meaning, and Identity. Cambridge U.K., Cambridge University Press.
- Wenger, E., McDermott, R., Snyder, W., (2002), Cultivating Communities of Practice, Harvard Business School Press.
- Wooldridge, M., Ciancarini, P. (2001). Agent-Oriented Software Engineering: The State of the Art.
- Zacharia, G., Moukas, A., Maes, P., (1999), "Collaborative Reputation Mechanisms in Electronic Marketplaces". In 32nd Annual Hawaii International Conference on System Science (HICSS-32).

AUTHOR INDEX (CONT.)

Guzzo, A	70	Martinsky, O	136
Hapsas, A	544	Martin-Toral, S	282
Hassanzadeh-Amin, S	403	Matias, R	78
Hejazi, E	524	Matsatsinis, N	36, 199
Hernández, M	391	Mé, L	513
Hu, T	241	Meisels, A	268
Huang, F	348	Merigó, J	219, 467, 548
Huster, J	500	Merschmann, L	
Ingvaldsen, J	340	Mihaescu, M	130
Jacquenet, F	301	Millán, R	370
Jans, M	161	Mingo, L	588
Johnson P., F.	531	Mirza, H	141
Kao, H	348	Moisan, S	295
Karacapilidis, N	544	Monedero, I	370
Kawano, H		Monfroy, E	431
Kim, D		Morales, E	
Kompaoré, D		Morgado, E	
Koumanakos, D		Mosca, N	
Kuo, R		Mothe, J	
Kwok, S		Moura, J	
Lafuente, A		Nabil, B	
Lam, A	187	Nachev, A	
Lamperti, G		Nair, H.	
Langlois, T		Neto, L	
Lee, L.		Nguyen, V	
Lee, W		Nóbrega, G	
Leo, M		O'Reilly, G	
León, C		Ohki, M	
Lima, J		Oliveira, P	
Llorà, X		Omri, M	
Logofatu, B		Özyer, T	
Lopes, A		Panahi, H	
Lotrič, U		Paraboschi, S	
Lu, K	472	Park, J	411
Luciano, E	407	Paula, M	488
Lybaert, N	161	Paydar, M	261, 519
Magarielli, D		Payne, T	
Mahdavi, I		Peñalvo, F	
Maiullari, D		Penya, Y	
Marc, L	253	Pereira, D.	
Marinaki, M		Piattini, M	
Marinakis, Y		Plastino, A	
Marques, G		Pomberger, G	
Martínez-Fernández, J		Pontieri, L	
Martins, P		Portillo-Rodriguez, J	

AUTHOR INDEX (CONT.)

Pouyan, A524	Staykov, B276
Prodan, A	Stroeve, S
Prodan, R	Suárez, P
Pylarinou, C	Taghezout, N
Ribeiro, B	Tanguy, L
Rismondo, S	Targueta, D
Rodrigues, F	Tavakkoli-Moghaddam, R288, 403
Rodrigues, S	Taymaz, H
Rodriguez, N	Thanh, N
Rokach, L	Tomé, P
Romero, M	Tseng, Y
Ropero, J	Turowska, M
Rosca, I	Uneme, S
Rubio L., J	Vanhoof, K
Ruiz, Á	Vassilev, V
Rusu, M	Vassileva, M
Rybakov, V	Velazco, J
Sainz-Palmero, G	Vellido, A
Salvaneschi, P	Vercouter, L
Sandri, S	Vivenzi, F44
Santos, C553	Vizcaino, J
Santos, E	Vlamos, P
Saruwatari, S563	Volk, E567
Saubion, F431	Völkel, M95
Sayeh, M235	Vorobieva, O119
Schclar, A	Wainer, J11
Schmidt, R119	Wang, G535
Schrefl, M	Weber, N106
Sharpanskykh, A225	Yano, E375
Shirazi, B261, 519	Yasui, N563
Sibertin-Blanc, C553	Yaz, İ364
Silva, C420	Youssef, H321
Silva, M	Yu, D535
Sim, Y181	Yurchyshyna, A492
Sivianes, F	Zacharias, V87
Smits, I583	Zahedi, M524
Sofokleous, A	Zanella, M44
Sokolova, M	Zanni, C416
Soliman, T	Zargham, M235
Solimanpur, M519	Zarli, A492
Sousa Júnior, R513	Zimbres, R
Souza, J488	Zopounidis, C36
Spenke, M500	
State, L	

